Pediatric Airway Assessment

This screening form may help identify patients at increased risk for sleep-related breathing disorders (e.g., obstructive sleep apnea) and/or breathing complications when undergoing sedation or general anesthesia. Such patients may benefit from referral to a medical professional for further evaluation and management.

Does your child have a craniofacial syndrome? NO YES (described Does your child have any history of: a physical or neurological impairment? NO YES (described Does where the physical or neurological impairment? NO YES (described Does House) NO YES (described Does House)	•	•		
Does your child have a craniofacial syndrome? NO YES (described Does your child have any history of: a physical or neurological impairment? NO YES (described low muscle tone? NO YES (described respiratory disease/breathing problems? NO YES (described repeated exposure to smoke? NO YES (described NO YES (described NO YES) (described N	•	•		
Does your child have any history of: a physical or neurological impairment?	e):			
Does your child have any history of: a physical or neurological impairment?				
low muscle tone?				
respiratory disease/breathing problems?	e):			
repeated exposure to smoke?				
Part II. Daytime indicators Does your child often: tend to breathe through the mouth? wake up with headaches in the morning? seem restless, unable to sit still, or always on the go? interrupt others, have difficulty staying focused, or become easily frustrate				
Does your child often: tend to breathe through the mouth? wake up with headaches in the morning? seem restless, unable to sit still, or always on the go? interrupt others, have difficulty staying focused, or become easily frustrate	e):			
tend to breathe through the mouth? wake up with headaches in the morning? seem restless, unable to sit still, or always on the go? interrupt others, have difficulty staying focused, or become easily frustrate				
wake up with headaches in the morning? seem restless, unable to sit still, or always on the go? interrupt others, have difficulty staying focused, or become easily frustrate				
seem restless, unable to sit still, or always on the go? interrupt others, have difficulty staying focused, or become easily frustrate		NO	☐ YES	☐ Do not know
interrupt others, have difficulty staying focused, or become easily frustrate		NO	☐ YES	☐ Do not know
		NO	☐ YES	☐ Do not know
Do you or a teacher notice your child appears sleepy during the day?	ed?	NO	\square YES	☐ Do not know
		NO	☐ YES	☐ Do not know
Part III. Sleep history				
How would you rate your child's sleep? ☐ Good ☐ Fair ☐ Po	oor			
How many hours does your child sleep on average during a 24-hour period?:				
Does your child:				
fall asleep quickly?	☐ YES		Do not know	W
snore more than half the time while sleeping?	☐ YES		Do not know	
snore loudly while sleeping?	☐ YES		Do not know	W
have trouble breathing or struggle to breathe while asleep?	☐ YES		Do not know	W
stop breathing during sleep?	☐ YES		Do not know	W
grind his/her teeth while sleeping?	☐ YES		Do not know	W
sleep in a seated position or with neck hyperextended?	☐ YES		Do not know	W
occasionally wet the bed at night?	☐ YES		Do not know	W
experience excessive sweating while sleeping?	☐ YES		Do not know	W
Is your child hard to wake up in the morning? $\ \square$ NO	☐ YES		Do not kno	w
Signature of parent/guardian Relationship to child				

This sample form, developed by the American Academy of Pediatric Dentistry, is provided as a practice tool for pediatric dentists and other dentists treating children. It was developed by experts in pediatric dentistry and is offered to facilitate excellence in practice. However, this form does not establish or evidence a standard of care. In issuing this form, the American Academy of Pediatric Dentistry is not engaged in rendering legal or other professional advice. If such services are required, competent legal or other professional counsel should be sought.

Part IV: Clinical assess	ment				
Does the patient appear	ar overweight? □ NO	☐ YES	BMI	Percentile	
Does the patient have limited neck mobil micro/retrognathia: limited oral openin lip incompetency? an anterior open bi a narrow maxillary a posterior crossbite macroglossia?	? g? te? arch with vaulted palate?	□ NO□ NO□ NO□ NO□ NO□ NO□ NO□ NO□ NO	☐ YES		
Which Modified Malla	ampati Classification¹ best	describes tl	he patient?		III 🗖 IV
			and the same of th		IV
,	"				14
Which tonsillar grade ¹	(adapted) best describes th	e patient?		1 2 3	4
0 Surgically removed tonsils	1 Tonsils hidden within tonsil pillars	Tonsils ex to the	xtending	3 Tonsils are beyond the pillars	4 Tonsils extend to midline
Is a medical referral inc	licated?	ES			
Comments:					
			Doctor's signat	Date	
Reference:					

Images reprinted and adapted with permission of John Wiley and Sons.

Copyright © 1999. Friedman M, Tanyeri H, La Rosa M, Landsberg R, et al. *Laryngoscope* 1999;109(12):1901-7.

Available at: "https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/abs/10.1097/00005537-199912000-000028".

Laryngoscope is published for the American Laryngological Rhinological and Otological Society by John Wiley and Sons Ltd.

1. Friedman M, Tanyeri H, La Rosa M, et al. Clinical predictors of obstructive sleep apnea. Laryngoscope 1999;109(12):1901-7.