North Dakota Medicaid Dental Periodicity Schedule

Effective January 1, 2011

The first examination is recommended at the time of the eruption of the first tooth and NO later than 12 months of age. Additional examinations should be completed every 6 months up to age 21.

Recommendations by Age

As recommended by the American Academy of Pediatric Dentistry

6 to 12 months

1. Complete the clinical oral examination with adjunctive diagnostic tools (eg, radiographs as determined by child’s history, clinical findings, and susceptibility to oral disease) to assess oral growth and development, pathology, and/or injuries; provide diagnosis.
2. Provide oral hygiene counseling for parents, including the implications of the oral health of the caregiver.
3. Remove supragingival and subgingival stains or deposits as indicated.
4. Assess the child’s systemic and topical fluoride status (including type of infant formula used, if any, and exposure to fluoridated toothpaste) and provide counseling regarding fluoride. Prescribe systemic fluoride supplements, if indicated, following assessment of total fluoride intake from drinking water, diet, and oral hygiene products.
5. Assess appropriateness of feeding practices, including bottle and breast-feeding, and provide counseling as indicated.
6. Provide dietary counseling related to oral health.
7. Provide age-appropriate injury prevention counseling for orofacial trauma.
8. Provide counseling for nonnutritive oral habits (eg, digit, pacifiers).
9. Provide required treatment and/or appropriate referral for any oral diseases or injuries.
11. Consult with the child’s physician as needed.
13. Determine the interval for periodic reevaluation.

12 to 24 months

1. Repeat 6 to 12-month procedures every 6 months or as indicated by individual patient’s risk status/susceptibility to disease.
2. Assess appropriateness of feeding practices—including bottle, breast-feeding, and no-spill training cups—and provide counseling as indicated.
3. Review patient's fluoride status— including any childcare arrangements which may impact systemic fluoride intake—and provide parental counseling.
4. Provide topical fluoride treatments every 6 months or as indicated by the individual patient's needs.

2 to 6 years

1. Repeat 12- to 24-month procedures every 6 months or as indicated by individual patient's risk status/susceptibility to disease. Provide age-appropriate oral hygiene instructions.
2. Scale and clean the teeth every 6 months or as indicated by individual patient's needs.
3. Provide pit and fissure sealants for caries-susceptible primary molars and permanent molars, premolars, and anterior teeth.
4. Provide counseling and services (eg, mouthguards) as needed for orofacial trauma prevention.
5. Provide assessment/treatment or referral of developing malocclusion as indicated by individual patient's needs.
6. Provide required treatment and/or appropriate referral for any oral diseases, habits, or injuries as indicated.
7. Assess speech and language development and provide appropriate referral as indicated.

6 to 12 years

1. Repeat 2- to 6-year procedures every 6 months or as indicated by individual patient's risk status/susceptibility to disease.
2. Provide substance abuse counseling (eg, smoking, smoke-less tobacco).
3. Provide counseling on intraoral/perioral piercing.

12 years and older

1. Repeat 6- to 12-year procedures every 6 months or as indicated by individual patient's risk status/susceptibility to disease.
2. During late adolescence, assess the presence, position, and development of third molars, giving consideration to removal when there is a high probability of disease or pathology and/or the risks associated with early removal are less than the risks of later removal.
3. At an age determined by patient, parent and pediatric dentist, refer the patient to a general dentist for continuing oral care.